Andrographolide Ameliorate Rheumatoid Arthritis by Promoting the Development of Regulatory T Cells

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Abstract

Andrographolide is important material present in Andrographis paniculata. This material can promote T cell to develop into regulatory T cell, CD4+CD25+. CD4+CD25+ regulatory T (Treg) cells, a component of the innate immune response, which play a key role in the maintenance of self-tolerance, have become the focus of numerous studies over the last decade. These cells have the potential to be exploited to treat autoimmune disease. These cells inhibit the immune response in an Ag-nonspecific manner, interacting with other T cells. These T cell populations actively control the properties of other immune cells by suppressing their functional activity to prevent autoimmunity but also influence the immune response to allergens as well as against tumor cells and pathogens. In this experiment we showed that active compound from Andrographis paniculata namely andrographolide can induce active regulatory T cell that has an efficacy to cure rheumatoid arthritis mice model.

Keywords: Andrographolide; Andrographis sp; Regulatory T cells; Rheumatoid arthritis

Introduction

Andrographolide is the main labdane diterpene present in Andrographis paniculata. Two lines of evidence report immunostimulant and anti-inflammatory properties for andrographolide in different models. In the other hand is known that CD4+CD25+ regulatory T cells can protect an individual from autoimmune diseases. There is some evidence that CD4+CD25+ regulatory T cells have an ability to prevent the development of autoreactive cells. In human, CD8+CXCR3+ cells are believed to be a regulatory T cells that has the same ability with CD4+CD25+ in mice [1-5, 10, 19].

Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) is a chronic inflammatory disorder that ultimately leads to the destruction of joint architecture. The pathogenic events that lead to the development of RA are not fully understood, although the presence of inflammatory cytokines has been well documented to play a key role in the induction and maintenance of this disease [16-21]. This disease attacked around 1% population of the world that appear in people in the aged of 25-50 years, but did not close the possibility that people in any ages can suffer that disease. Rheumatoid arthritis is a degenerative disease that mostly attacks women. It is thought that various factors including genetic elements have a significant contribution to the emergence of this disease.

Molecular structure of andrographolide

Rheumatoid arthritis treatment is usually done by resting the affected joint and consumes synthetic drugs. Treatment is often only relieve pain and prevent inflammation. Drugs that have been used for pain relieve and prevention of inflammation is non-steroidal drug, anti-inflammatory (aspirin and ibuprofen), slow-acting drugs, penicillamine, corticosteroids, and immunosuppressive drugs. The use of these
drugs in the long term will be very harmful and cause various side effects that involve almost every organ [6-18, 20, 21]. Because of serious impacts resulting from the rheumatoid arthritis treatment, it is necessary to include prevention efforts that can normalize cell homeostasis. In this study we tested herbs that rich andrographolide, the material containing active compound to induce regulatory T cells.

Materials and methods

Mice was intravenously injected with CFA (complete Freund's adjuvant) of 75 μl, then performed a second booster in mice feet by 75 μl (each leg of 35.5 μl). Observations were made every day to see the swelling of the feet. This treated mice is used as a model of rheumatoid arthritis (RA). Mice model of RA are intraperitoneally injected with 100μl or 400μl substrate of Andrographis paniculata that contain andrographolide.

Result and Discussion

Andrographolide derived from Andrographis paniculata is a medicinal compound which can stimulate the expression of CD25 molecules on T cells. CD25 molecule expression on CD4 T cells is one marker of the cell with the nature of the regulatory function. In RA mice the number of regulatory T cells is increased but cannot overcome the disease. Intraperitoneally injection of andrographolide (100μl and 400μl) isolated from Andrographis paniculata can increase the number of regulatory T cells dramatically (Figure. 1).

Intraperitoneally injection of andrographolide compound in RA mice model can ameliorate the disease and do not affect the ratio of limfoid cell significantly. In this experiment we clearly showed that T cells which is analyzed from spleen looks normal in when treated with andrographolide (100μl and 400μl). This meant that andrographolide compound have an efficacy to cure RA mice model without interfering T cell condition (Figure. 2). After we know that the number of T cell lymphocytes do not affected by the treatment we examine the status of these cells. The data showed that ameliorated mice by andrographolide compound are associated with an increased number of naïve T cells marked with CD62L (Figure 3). RA mice model showed the decrease of naïve T cells. This naïve T cells increase when andrographolide material compound is intraperitoneally injected. From the emerged data can be explained that RA model mice rich memory and activated cell that disturb the mice health.
The expression of CD62L is decreased in mice model of RA. Spleen cell was obtained from RA mice seven weeks after treated with andrographolide derived from *Andrographis paniculata*. Upper left panel is a control that shows the expression of CD4^+^CD62L^+^ molecules and the right panel showed the decreased level of CD4^+^CD62L^+^ in RA mice model. Injection of andrographolide (100μl and 400μl) were shown at the bottom left and right panel, respectively. Data are representative of three independent experiments.

Mice with rheumatoid arthritis (RA) experienced swelling in the joints. The first bar is normal control. Second bar is RA mice model without treatment and other bars are RA model mice treated with andrographolide derived from *Andrographis paniculata* (100μl and 400μl). This experiment shows that RA mice feet have swollen twice larger compared with normal mice. Injection of andrographolide can cure RA mice become normal phenotype. Data are mean ± SD values of three independent experiments (P<0.01).

Conclusion

Andrographolide which is exist in *Andrographis paniculata* has significant benefits for increasing the number of sets of CD4^+^CD25^+^ regulatory T cells. Increased CD4^+^CD25^+^ regulatory T cells will help to cure rheumatoid arthritis. In mice model of rheumatoid arthritis, CD4^+^CD25^+^ regulatory T cell play important role to inhibit the development of effectors T cells and prevent the development of inflammation in the joints. The generation of CD4^+^CD25^+^ regulatory can be induced by intraperitoneal injection with andrographolide. Induced CD4^+^CD25^+^ regulatory T cell can ameliorate mice model of rheumatoid arthritis.

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References


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